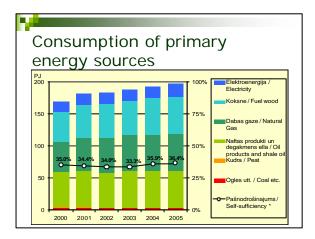
NFORSE-Europe Sustainable Energy Policy Seminar,October 1-5, 2007, Energy Academy, Samsø, Denmark Latvia's vision for Sustainable energy 2050 by Alda Ozola-Matule,Latvian Green Movement.

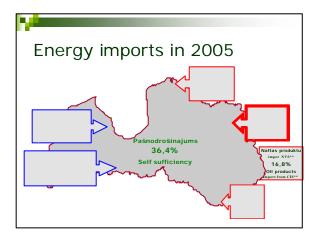




Contents

- Current energy consumption and trends
- Latvian energy policy
- Sustainable energy vision for Latvia 2050





Characteristics and challenges for energy market

- Composition of resources:
 - Relatively large share of renewables in primary energy balance, especially biomass
 - High dependence from import of primary energy sources (29% gas provided by Gasprom)
 - Increase in the use of fossil fuels both in absolute and relative terms
- Isolation of Baltic energy markets
- Low energy efficiency in whole cycle: production, transmission, distribution and final consumption

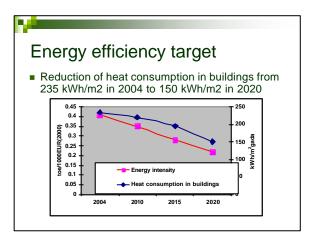
Energy policy in Latvia

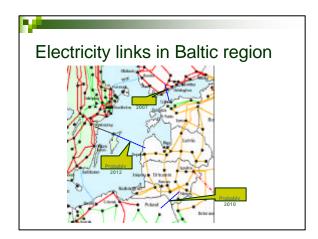
- Key policy documents:
 - □ National energy strategy for 2007-2013
 - □ Renewable energy strategy 2007-2013
 - □ National energy efficiency plan?
- Committments towards EU:
 - □ 49,3% from electricity produced using RES by 2010
 - □ 5,75% of bio-fuels from the fuel used in transport

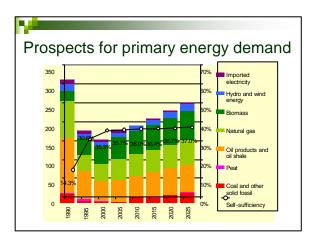
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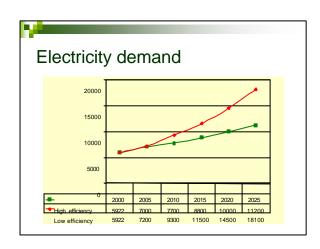


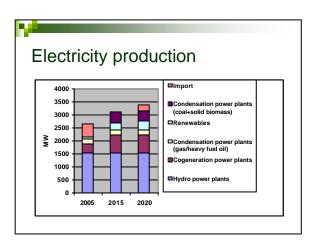












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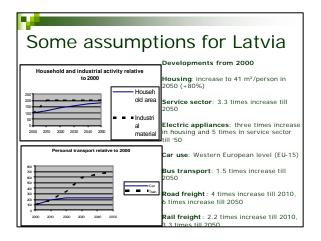


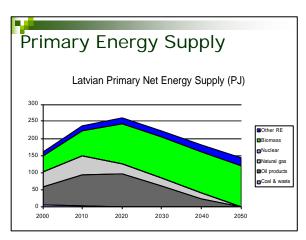
Sustainable energy vision for Latvia 2050

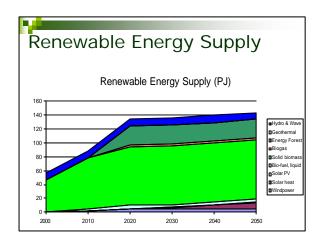
- Made within the project "Baltic-Nordic cooperation for sustainable energy"
- Partners: Inforse (Denmark), Green Liberty (Latvia), Latvian Green Movement
- Vision includes a transition of the energy supply and demand with phase-out of fossil energy and energy imports over a 50-year period.

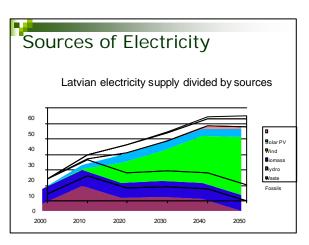
A sustainable energy vision for Latvia, proposals until 2020

- Windpower 600 MW
- Better biomass use (clean and efficient)
- Straw use and energy plantations (180,000 ha for liquid + 220,000 ha for solid fuel)
 • District **heating** and **CHP** plans, 1150 MWe CHP
- · Strategies for:
 - · Biofuels in transport
 - biogas, solar, geothermal, hydro
 Energy efficiency for heating, electricity,
 - service sector, transport





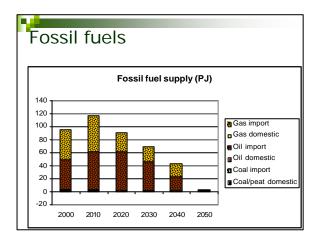




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ossible exp	ansion of	CHP plants	in Latvi	a, 2000 –	2020
Site	Heat load	CHP nominal heat	Electric	Electricity / heat	CHP nominal electric
ite	(GWh)	capacity	efficiency	ratio	capacity
	(,	(MW-heat)			(MW- electric)
iga	4000	489	48%	1.50	733
augaupils	820	100	43%	1.16	123
iepaja	655	80	42%	1.11	93
entspils	330	40	40%	1.00	42
ezekne	245	30	40%	1.00	32
maller	1095	134	38%	0.90	127
otal					1150

Power costs									
Possible Biomass Power plants		Riga	Daugavpils	Liepaja	Smaller plants				
Specific invest. Costs	mill. € / MWe	1.3	2.12	2.18	2.5				
Capacity installed	MWe	400	100	80	200				
Total investment	mill. €	520	212.31	175	500				
Lifetime	years	30	30	30	30				
LFCC	E/Mwe	84567	138109	1/2112	162629				
O&M-1	E/Mwe/year	25000	59615	61923	70000				
O&M-2	€/MWh	2.7	12.1	12.7	15				
Eq.full load	hours/year	5606	5606	5606	4292				
O&W costs	mill €/year	35.9	12.7	10.6	26.9				
Eff-el	%	48	40	40	38				
Eff-total	%	80	78	78	78				
Fuel costs	€/MWh	10	10	9	6				
Energy costs	€/fvfWh - total energy	26	37	37	41				
Electricity costs	€/MWh - electricity	33	49	48	56				
Electricity costs	LV/kWh	0.022	0.033	0.033	0.038				

Opportunities for Latvia

- Phase out electricity import by 2010
- Reduce gas use by 40% by 2020
- Phase out fossils by 2050
- Electricity costs 3-6 €cent/kWh (below nuclear)



