

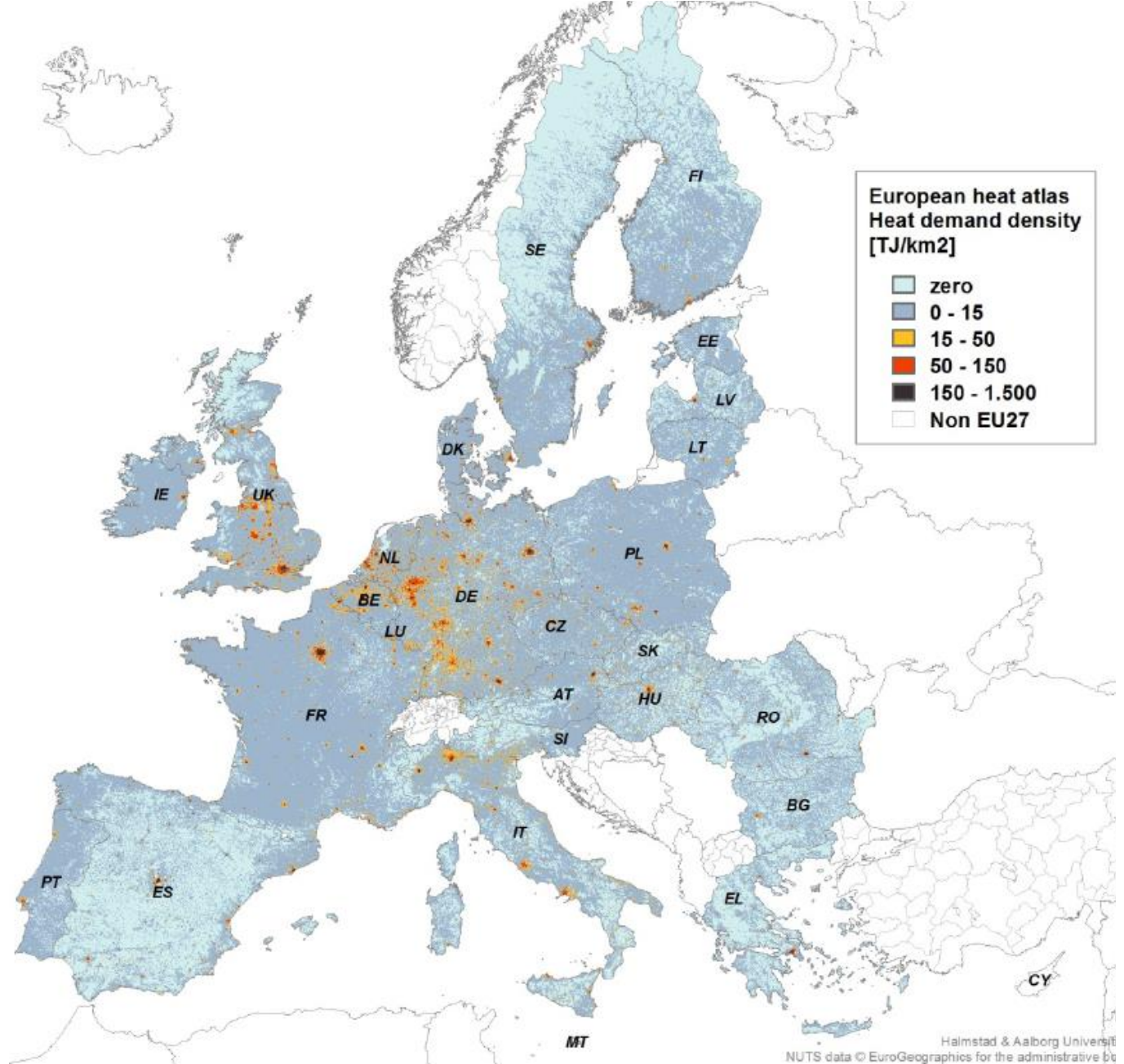
INFORSE webinar 07-06-2021

HEAT ROADMAP EUROPE; LOW-CARBON HEATING

JAKOB WORM

Heat Roadmap Europe

Heat demand



Industry with waste heat

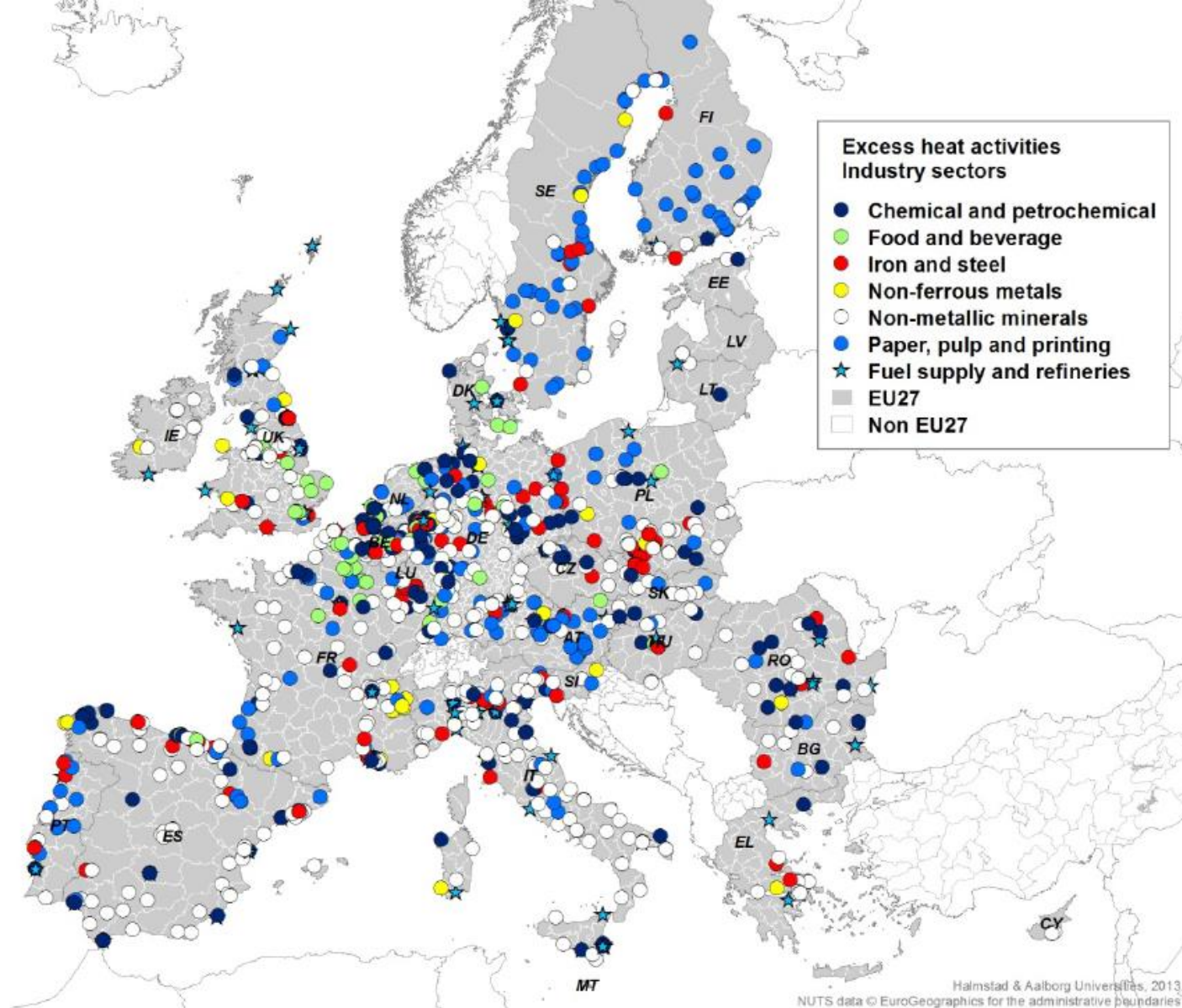


Figure 83: Locations of major energy intensive industries with considerable volumes of excess heat. Source: The E-PRTR database at EEA in Copenhagen.

Heat Roadmap Europe

Excess heat compared to head demand

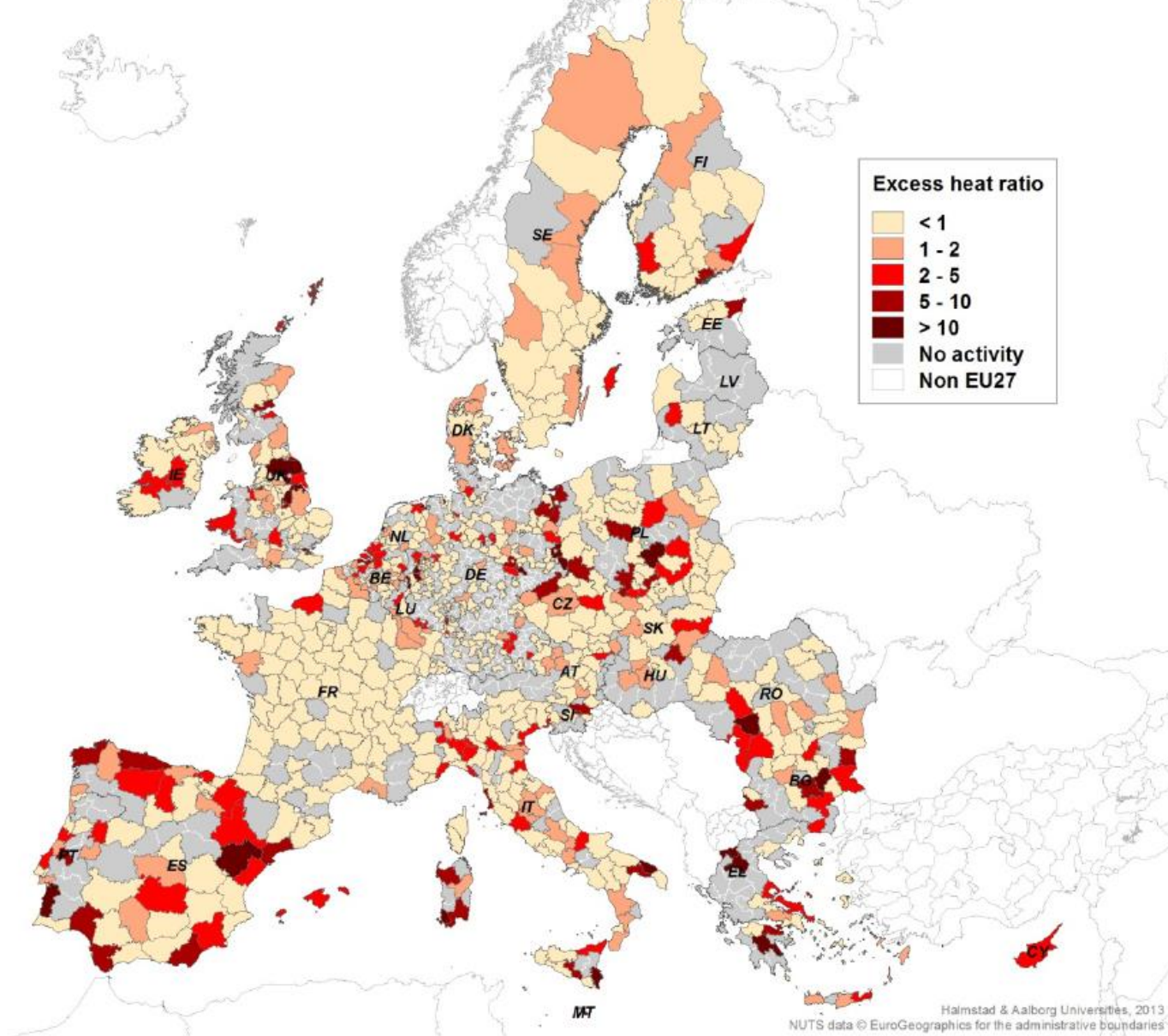
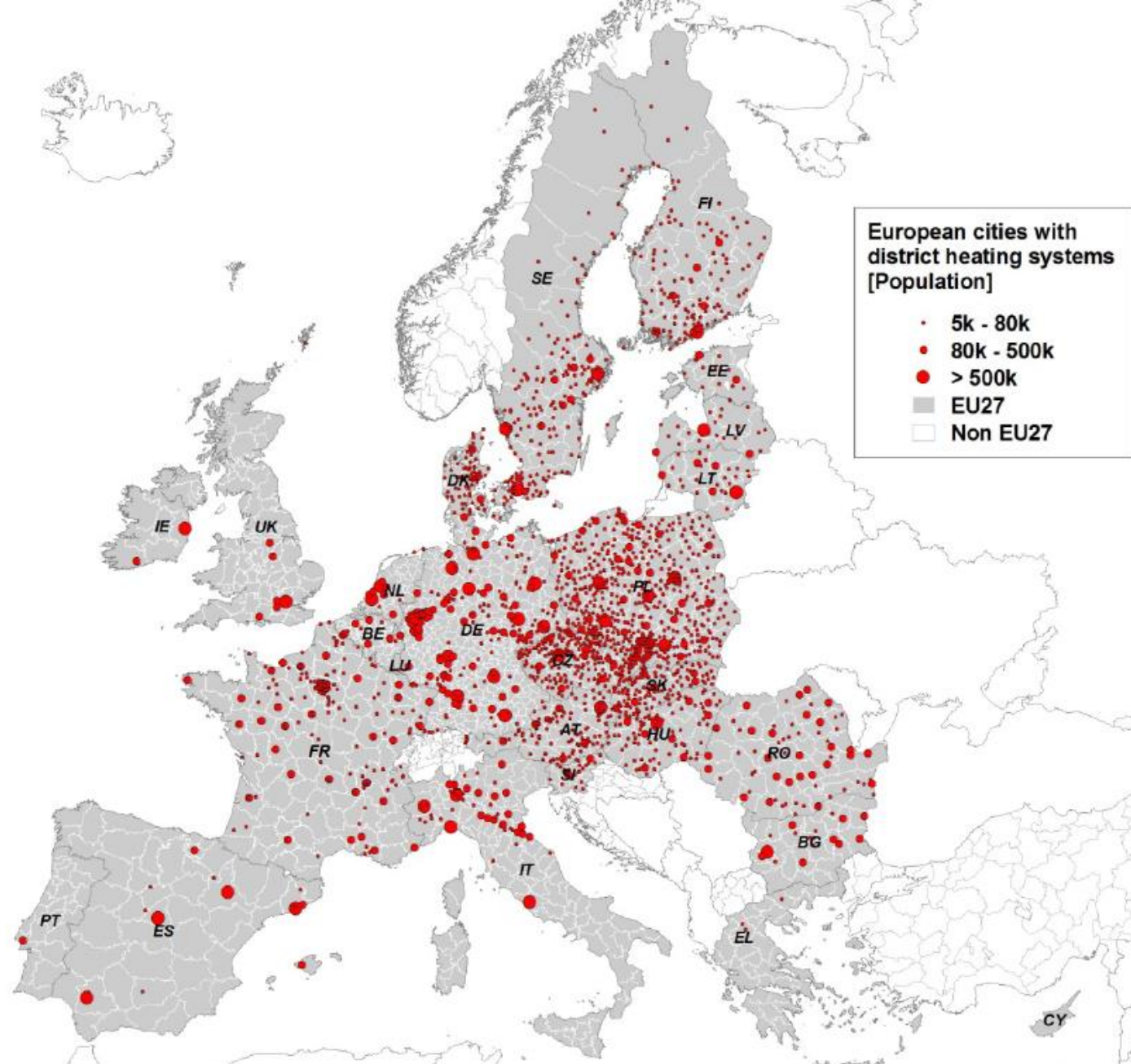


Figure 25: EU27 NUTS3 regions by their excess heat ratio, i.e. their share of excess heat relative their share of low temperature heat demands in residential and service sectors.

Heat Roadmap Europe

District heating today



Demands

Electricity
Cooling
District Heating
Individual Heating
Fuel for Industry
Fuel for Transport

RES

Wind
Solar Thermal
Photovoltaic
Geothermal
Hydro Power
Wave

Capacities & efficiencies

Power Plant
Boilers
CHP
Heat Pumps
Electric Boilers
Micro CHP

Storage

Heat Storage
Hydrogen Storage
Electricity Storage
CAES

Transport

Petrol/Diesel Vehicles
Gas Vehicles
Electric Vehicles
V2G Electric Vehicles
Hydrogen Vehicles
Biofuel Vehicles

Distribution data

Electricity Demand

District Heating

Wind

Hydro

Wave

Waste

Solar thermal

Photovoltaic

Geothermal

Individual Heating

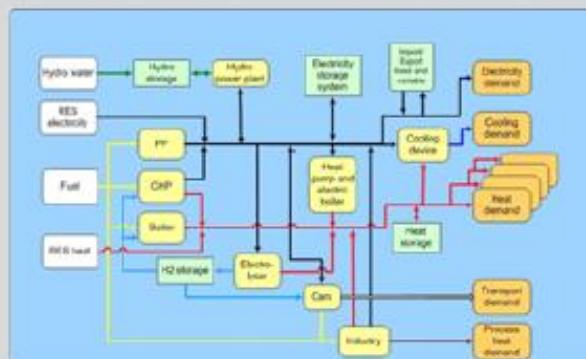
Industrial CHP

Transportation

Market Prices

Regulation

Technical Limitations
Choice of Strategy
CEEP Strategies
Transmission Cap.
External Electricity
Market

**Either: Technical regulation strategies**

- 1) Balancing heat demand
- 2) Balancing both heat and electricity demand
- 3) Balancing both heat and electricity demand (reducing CHP even when partially needed for grid stabilisation)
- 4) Balancing heat demand using triple tariff

Or: Electricity market strategy

Market simulation of plant optimization based on business economic marginal production costs.

And: Critical Excess Electricity Production

Reducing wind
Replacing CHP with boiler or heat pump
Electric heating and/or bypass

Fuel Cost

Types of fuel
CO2 Emission Factor
CO2 Emission Costs
Fuel Prices

Cost

Variable Operation
Fixed Operation
Investment
Interest Rate

Results

(Annual, Monthly
and Hourly Values)

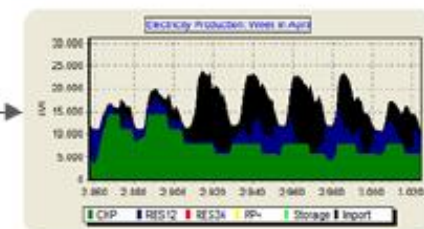
Electricity Production
Electricity Import/Export
electricity Excess Production

Import Expenditures
Export Revenues

Fuel Consumption

CO2 Emissions

Share of RES



Heat Roadmap Europe (HRE); results

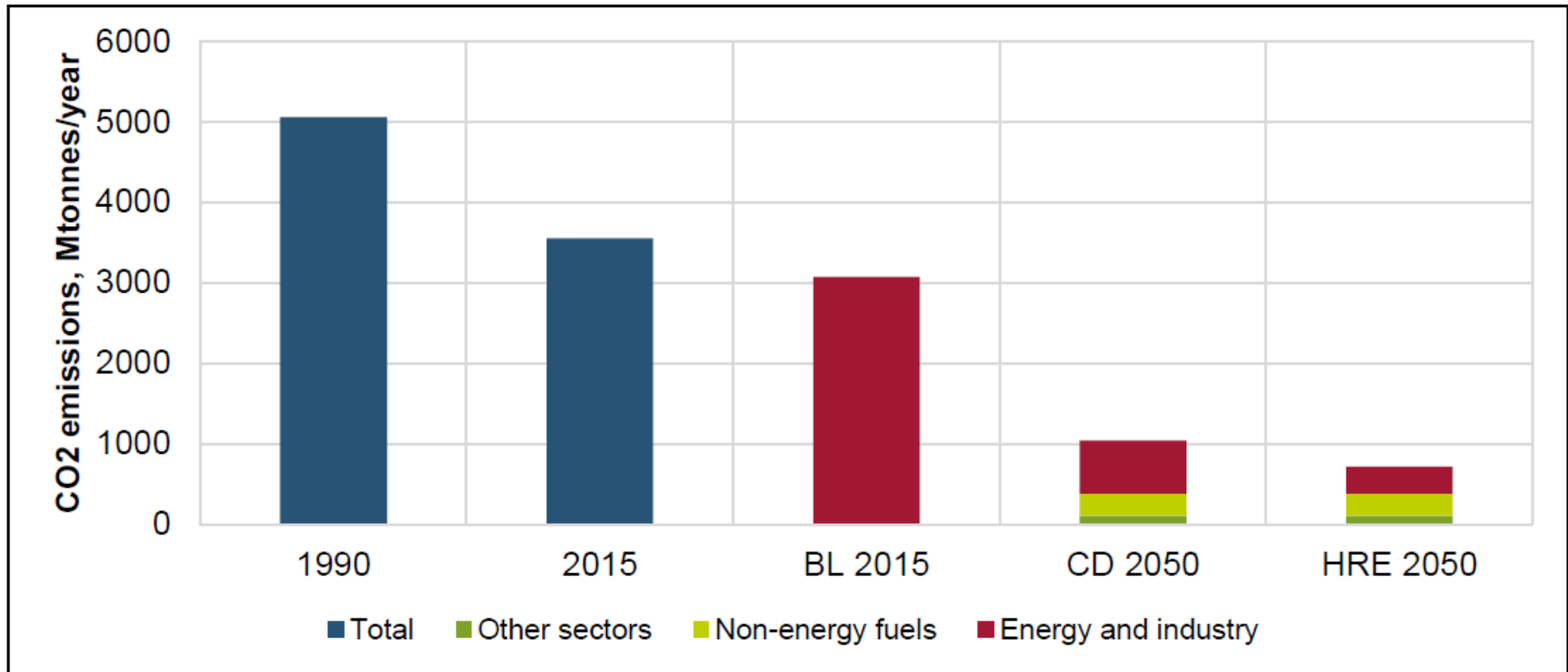


Figure 2. Historical, current and future CO₂ emissions for the 14 HRE4 countries; including the years 1990 [8] (the base year for the Paris Agreement), 2015 and the three 2050 scenarios; i.e. the Baseline (BL) 2050, which represents the development of the energy system under currently agreed policies; the Conventionally Decarbonized (CD) 2050, which represents the development of the energy system under a framework that encourages renewables, but does not radically change the heating and cooling sector; and the HRE 2050, which represents a redesigned heating and cooling system, considering different types of energy efficiency and better integration with the other energy sectors.

Heat Roadmap Europe (HRE); results

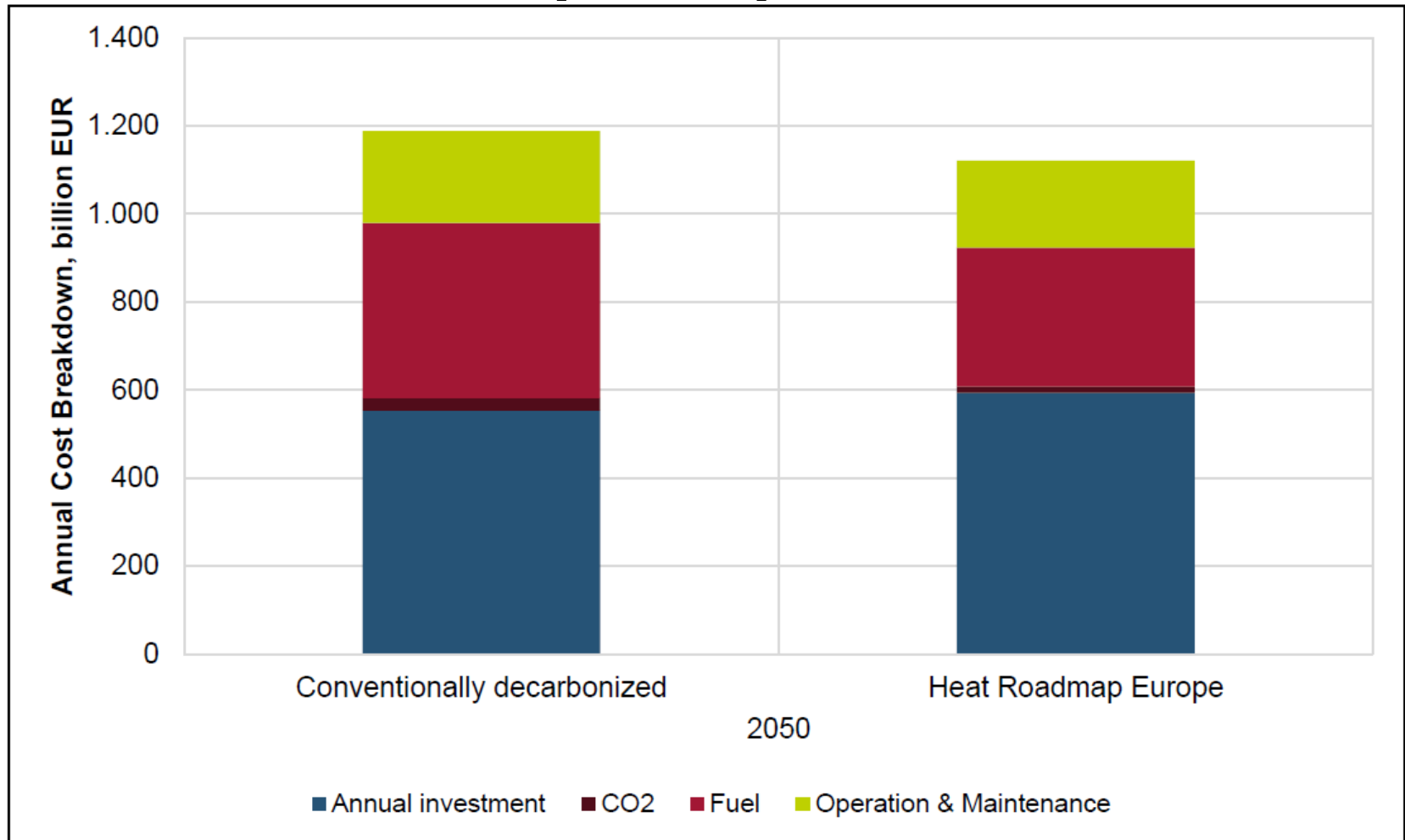
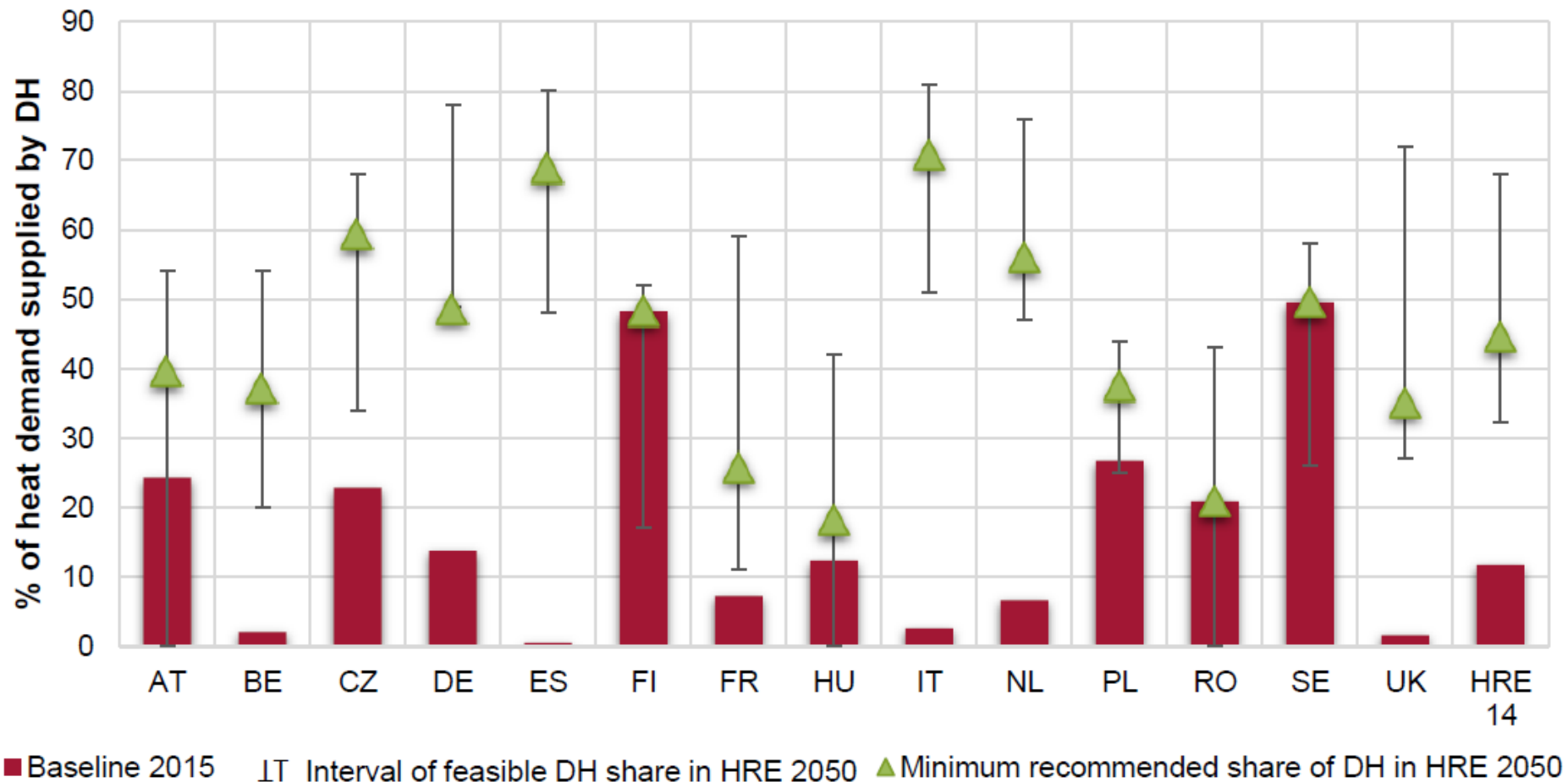


Figure 3. Annual total energy systems costs for the decarbonized 2050 scenarios. The Conventionally decarbonized energy system focusing on increasing the renewable energy penetration and some degree of energy savings reaches an 80% reduction in CO₂-emissions while the HRE 2050 scenarios reaches 86% at a lower cost using deeper renovations and an integrated new energy system design.

District heating in 2015 and the recommended share in HRE 2050



Energy system Trends

- Energy supply security
 - Nature gas ?
 - Locale waste heat from powerplants / industries ?
 - Biomasses / wood ?
- Renewable energy DH
 - Future sources; solar and wind
- Community energy supply
 - Local ownership?
 - Benefits for society and every citizen and company?
- Energy efficiency DH systems
 - Best practice technology and management

Strategy

- Choice Awareness
- Radical technological change
 - Technique
 - Knowledge
 - Organisation
 - Product
 - Profit (sustainable local economy)
- Feasibility Studies

Methodology

1. Design of
concrete
technical
alternatives

2. Feasibility
studies
based on
institutional
economics

3. Public
regulation
measures
proposals

4. Promotion of new-corporate
democratic infrastructure

Energy efficiency / temperature level

1G: STEAM

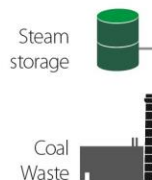
Steam system, steam pipes in concrete ducts

DH flow < 200 °C

DH return < 80 °C

Energy efficiency

District heating grid



Local District Heating

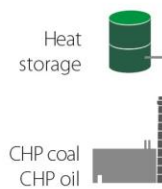
1G / 1880-1930

2G: IN SITU

Pressurised hot-water system
Heavy equipment
Large "build on site" stations

> 100 °C

< 70 °C



District Heating

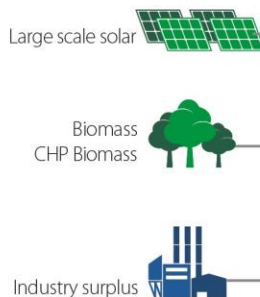
2G / 1930-1980

3G: PREFABRICATED

Pre-insulated pipes
Industrialised compact substations (also with insulation)
Metering and monitoring

< 100 °C

< 45 °C



District Heating

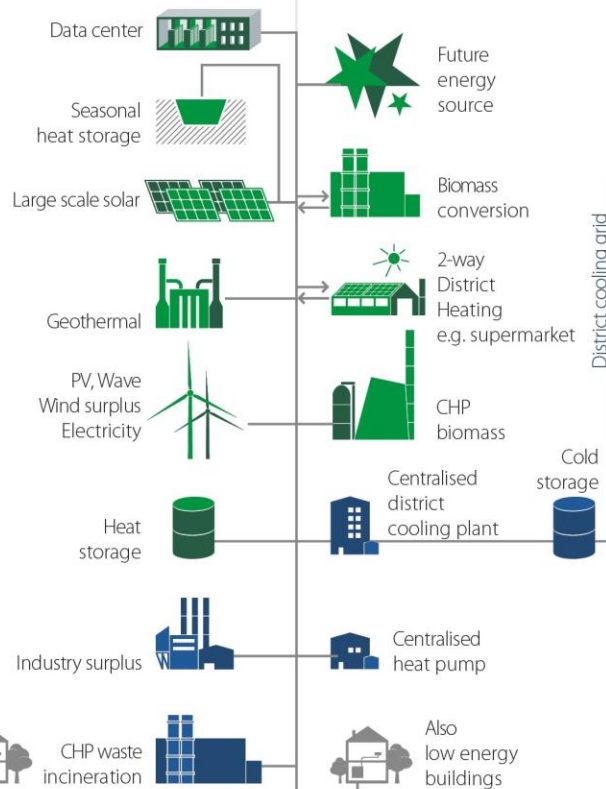
3G / 1980-2020

4G: 4th GENERATION

Low energy demands
Smart energy (optimum interaction of energy sources, distribution and consumption)
2-way DH

50-60 °C (70 °C)
(ULTDH <50 °C)

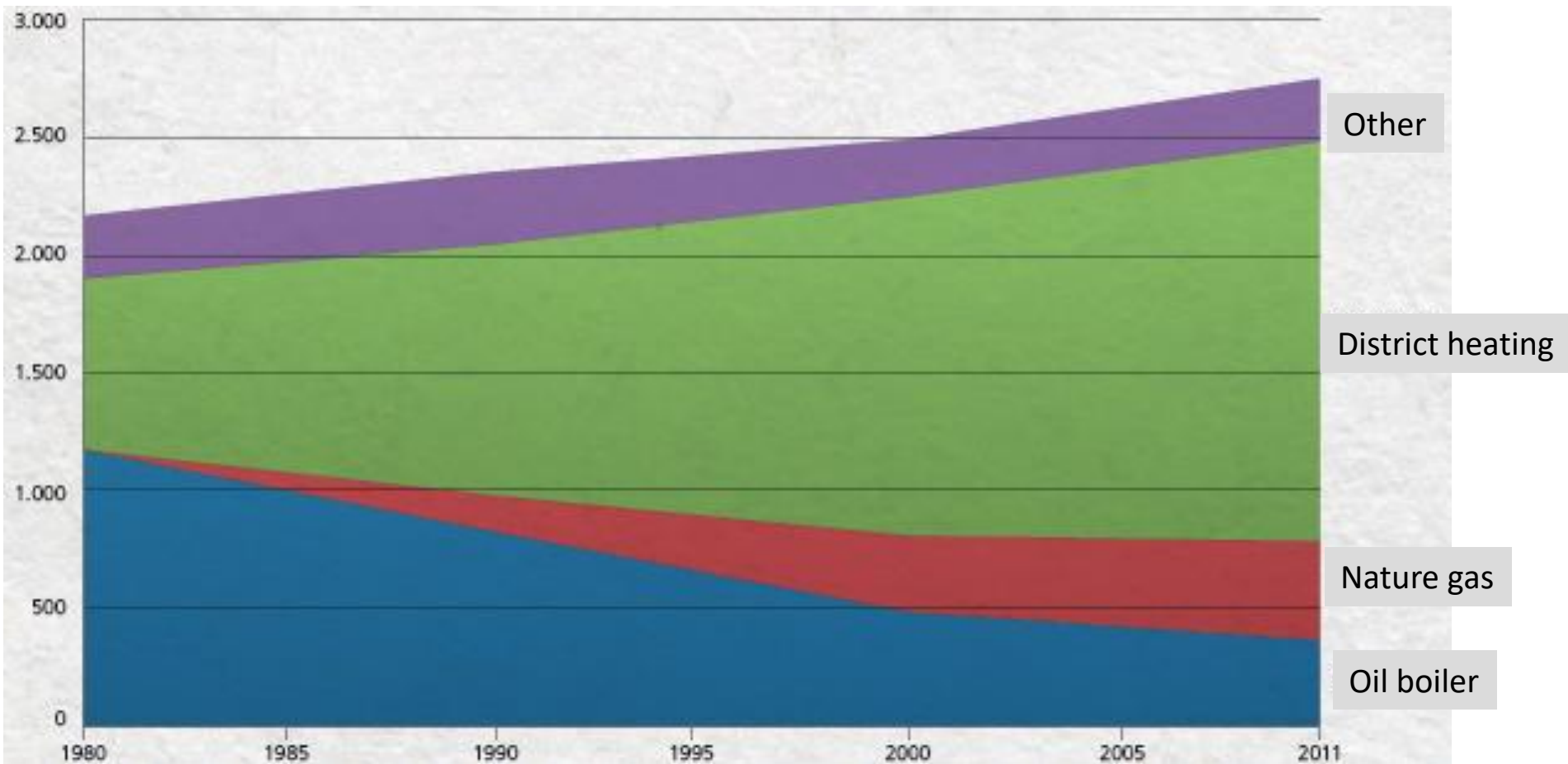
~ 25 °C



4G / 2020-2050

Heating installations in Denmark

(numbers in 1.000 pcs.)



PlanEnergi

- Consulting Engineers
 - >30 years working with renewable energy
 - 40 employees
 - Offices in
 - Skørping
 - Aarhus
 - Copenhagen
- District heating
 - Solar thermal
 - Seasonal storages
 - Heat pumps
 - and other renewables
 - Energy planning
 - Biogas
 - Planning of wind and PV farms

Thank you for your attention!

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