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Developments in EU Energy and Climate Policy

by Gunnar Boye Olesen; August 23, 2017 INFORSE-Europe, SustainableEnergy







New developments in EU energy and climate policy

2030 Plans to Realise Targets

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European Climate/Energy Policies - already agreed

- 1992: UNCED Conference, Framework Climate Convention - UNFCCC(limit warming to 2'C)
- 1997: Kyoto Protocol 2008-2012: -8% GHG in EU
- 2007: EU decided 2020 climate policy (20-20-20) and to reduce GHG 80-95% in 2050
- 2014: EU decided 2030 targets: 40% GHG reduction, 27% RE, 27(30)% EE
- 2015: Paris Agreement: 1.5 2'C warming

EU Climate & Energy Policy

Energy (Lisbon)

Internal Market

Environment Climate

Energy Union

— Security of

Supply

E-Union Governance **Euratom Nuclear**

Intern electr market dir

Intern
gas
market
dir
Guide
lines

state

aid

CO₂ emmquota dir

REdirectiv e

Non ETS Targets Energy Labelling dir.

Ecodesign dir Build En. Eff. dir

Support:
Horizon
2020
Struct-funds

E-Europe.

Dev.Assist.

		Eco	Eco	Eco	Eco
Lab	Lab	-	-	-	-
el	el	desi	desi	desi	desi
reg	reg	gn	gn	gn	gn
ulat	ulat	reg	reg	reg	reg
ion	ion	ulat	ulat	ulat	ulat
		ion	ion	ion	ion

NOW: Policies to realise the 2030 Targets

On 30/11 2016, the EU Commission proposed:

- Revised Energy Efficiency Directive (EED)
- Revised Energy Performance of Buildings Directive (EPBD)
- Revised Electricity Directive + Regulation
- Revised Renewable Energy Directive (RED)
- Energy Governance Directive
- 30% EE, others (winter package)



Some comments to winter Package

- EED: (agreed among countries, not EU-Parl)
- INFORSE: Higher & national targets, improve all public blds.
- EPBD: (agreed among countries, not EU-Parl)
- INFORSE supports national roadmaps, near Zero energy buildings, EU committee open to CSOs
- Electricity Market: INFORSE want priority for RE, smaller RE exempt from balancing, benefits for local production & community power, capacity mechanism only with low-emission plants, transmission income used for flexibility
- RED: INFORSE: Higher target, power system to integrate RE, faster than 1% pa. renewable heating, rights for energy communities and prosumers, sustainable biomass, factor 4 for electricity in transport
- Energy governance: Targets to be met, only RE diversification

Thank you -together we can make a difference

See www.inforse.org/europe INF RSE-EUROPE

International Network for Sustainable Energy - Europe

INFORSE-Europe on RED

- Increase target from 27%
- Option for national targets in case of insufficient development
- Support should be transparent and cost-effective, not competitive nor non-discriminatory
- Support should not be open to plants in other countries
- Sustainable of biomass welcomed, want better revision and for installation 1-20 MW
- Repowering must have EIA in case of considerable changes
- Requirement for developing power system to include renewables must be kept
- Support energy communities and prosumers
- RE for heating should increase 5%/year non 1%
- RE in transport should have electricity with factor 4
- Disconnection from district heating only if changing to RE

INFORSE-Europe on el-market

- Not increase energy poverty, unregulated prices only in markets with effective competition
- Good condition for small producers, prosumers, "flex-sumers"
- Sustainability criteria for biomass
- Support RE after 2020
- Energy should have same size that in RED
- Electricity distributors should be able to run electric car chargers and electricity storages
- Allow variable distribution tariffs
- Producers below 500 kW exempt from balancing
- Maximum & minimum prices for electricity
- Priority dispatch for renewable energy communities to 18 MW
- Tariffs must recognise benefits of local production
- Inter-connector charges must be used for tariff reduction and all reduction of congestions
- Only capacity mechanism with low-emission power
- Regional TSO centres must respect national priorities for RE and energy security